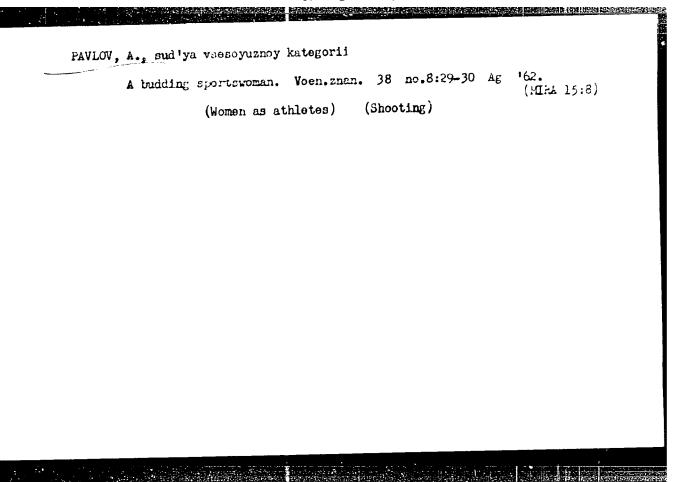


GORBACHEV, B.; PAVLOV, A.

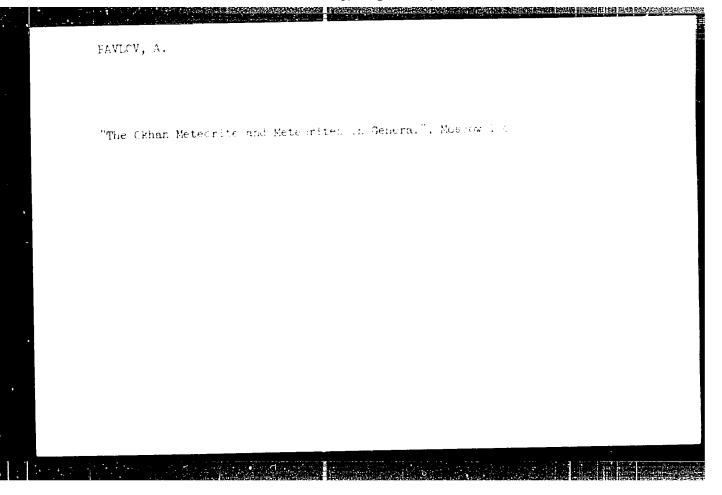
Remediable limitations. Za rul. 19 no. 2:6 F '61. (MIRA 14:4)

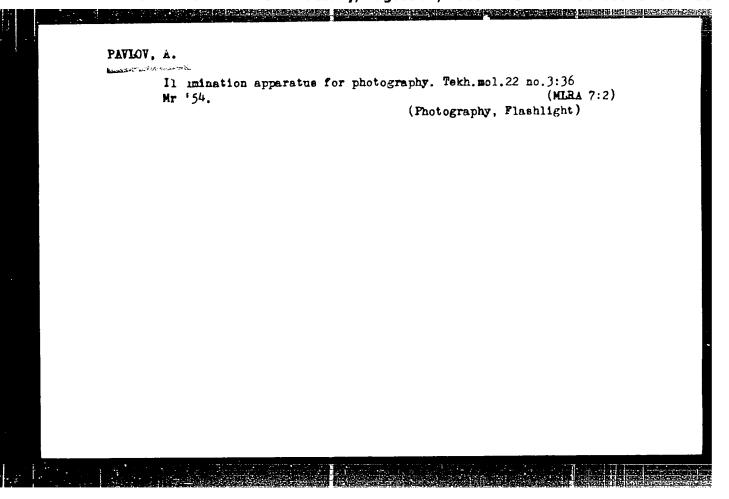
1. Starshiy metodist Moskovskogo avtomobil'nogo mototsikletnogo kluba (for Pavlov).

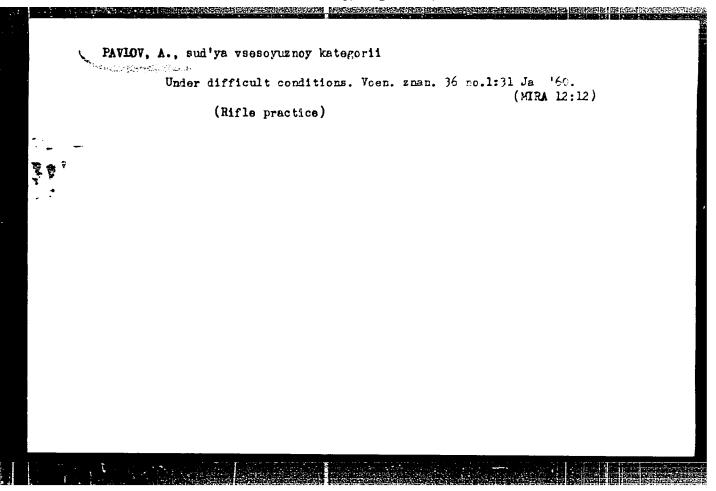
(Automobile drivers)

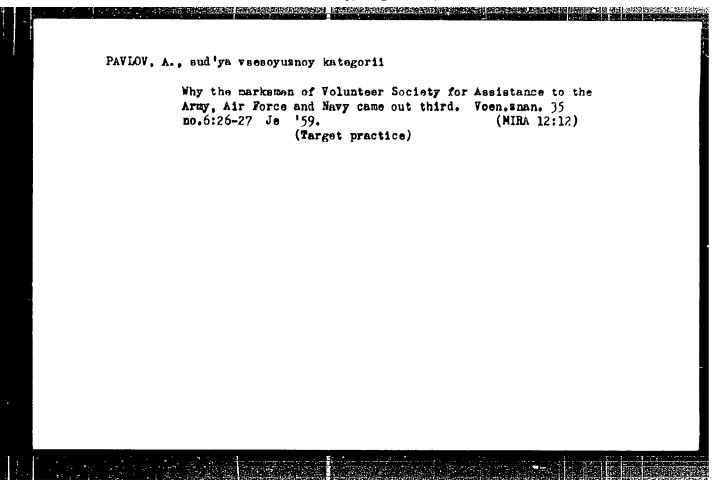


ParLor, A.	
	해 있는 사람들이 보는 것이 되었다. 그런
	Application of mineral fertilisers to grasslands. A Pavlov (Anal. Inst. Cert. ogron. Român, 1952—3, (1955), 22, 287—297).—Trials were carried out with NH ₂ NO ₃ , superphosphate, and K salts on old grassland on an alluveal clay soil which had a dominant growth of Festuta pseudorism. Increases in hay yields of up to 65% could be obtained. Superphosphate, by itself, gave no increase in yield but favoured the growth of Lotus corniculatus. (French summary).
	학교의 그는 가능하고 있는 동안 맞지 그릇이 모으는 먹는 그는 것으로 하는데
	불발하는 경우 소개를 보고 있는데 하는데 살 때문에 되는데 되는데 보다 되었다.









PAVLOV, A.

USSR, Karelo-Finnish SSR

Location of Village and Mine im. Chkalov

Source: N: Leninskoye Znamya, Petrozavodsk, 1947

Abstracted in USAF "Treasure Island" Report No. 19904, on file in Library of Congress, Air Information Division.

PAVIOV. A.: IEMICHEVA, D., redaktor; RAKOV, S.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Textiles made of staple fiber on automatic looms.] Shtapel'-nye tkani na avtomatakh.[Moskva] Izd-vo VTsSPS Profizdat, 1954.

7lp. (MLRA 8:3)

(Textile industry)

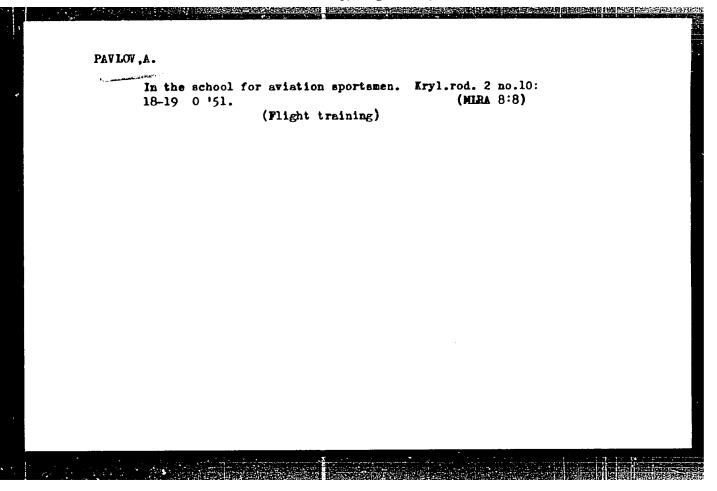
PAVLOV,A.

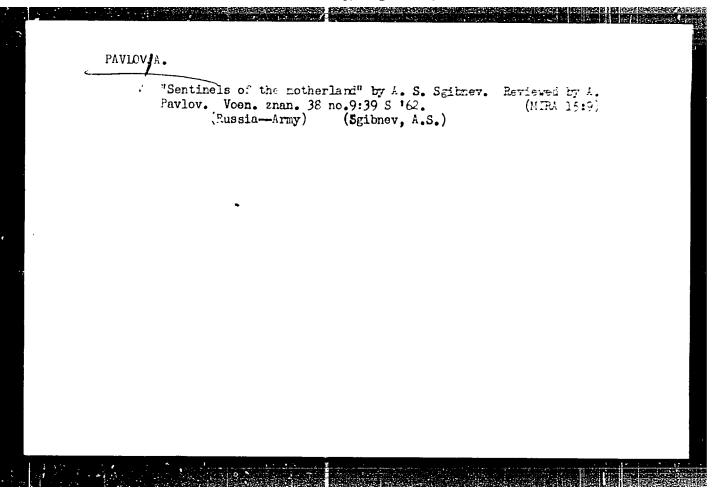
All-Union Volunteer Society for Assistance to the Army, Air Force, and Navy for new state farms. Voen.znan. 31 no.3:8 Mr '55.

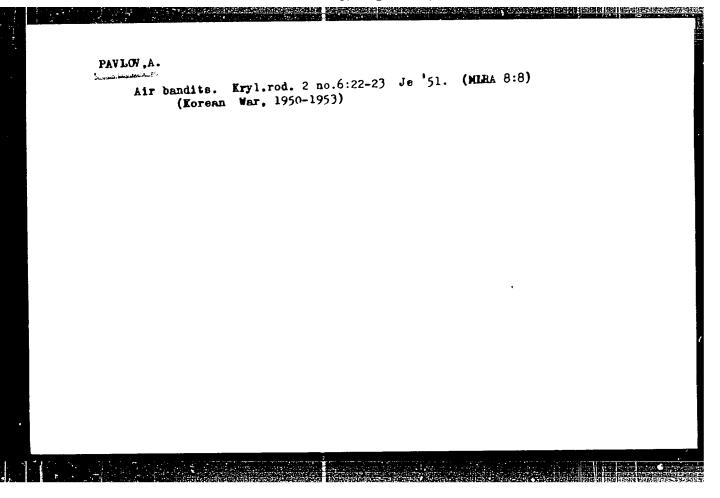
(MLRA 8:7)

1. Zamestitel' predsedatelya respublikanskogo komiteta Dobrovol' nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu Kazakhskoy SSR, Alma-Ata.

(Kazakhstan--Military education)





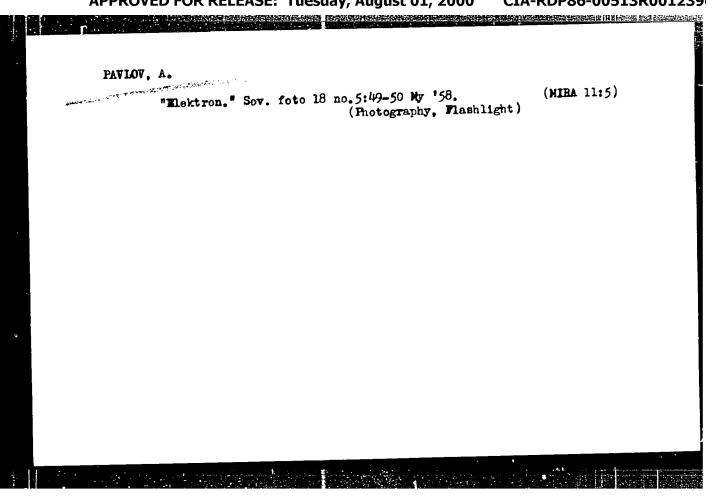


PAVLOV, A. (Vitebsk)

From the experience of model ship builders. Voen.snan. 32 no.11:24 E '56. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Instruktor morskogo kluba Dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu.

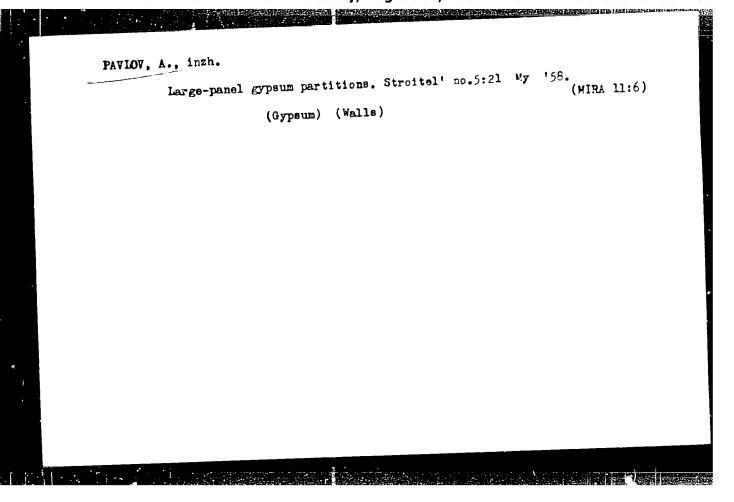
(Ship models)

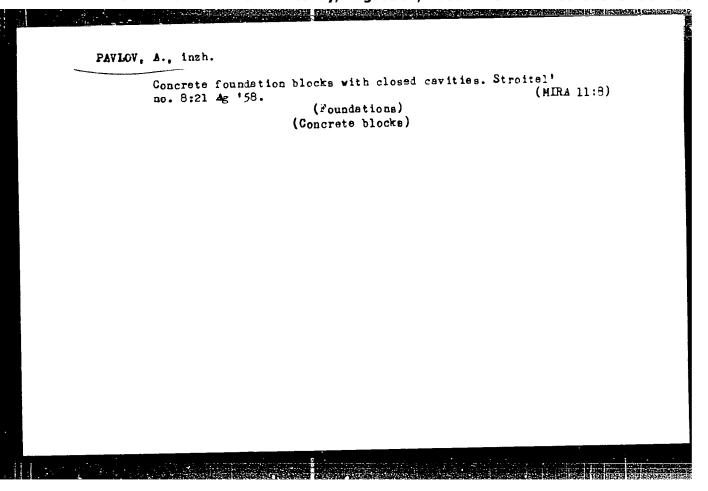


PAVLOV, A.; FROLOV, S.

All-Union marksmanship contests between the cities for the "Vcennye znania" prize. Voen. znan. 34 no.2:27-28 F '58. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Sid'ya veesoyuznoy kategorii (for Pavlov). (Shooting contests)





AUTHOR:

Pavlov, A.

~~V/25-55-11-25 44

TITLE:

Control of Frocesses (Spravlenive protsessom

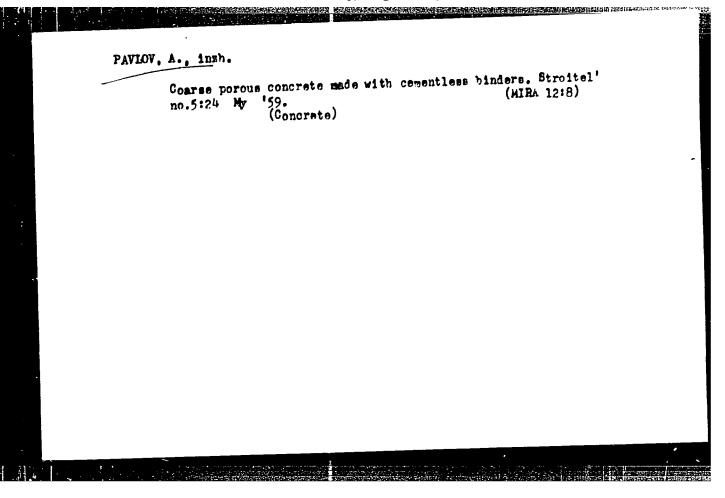
PERIODICAL:

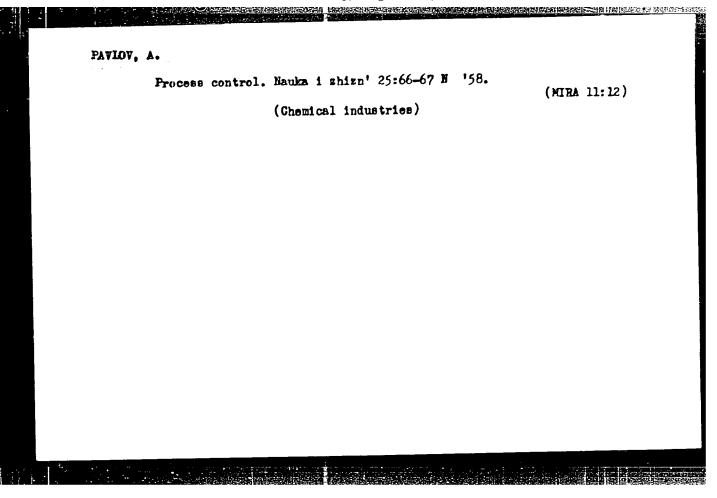
Nauka i zhizn', 1958, Nr 11, pp 66-67 (3854)

ABSTRACT:

Engaged in research on the control of chemical processes, the well-known Soviet scientist Academician N.N. Gemenov and Professor N.M. Emanuel' recently succeeded in mastering the process of the oxidation of hydrocarbons. In 1058, N.M. Emanuel' received the Lenin Prize for this research, the results of which were demonstrated at the Brussels Fair. Based on these facts, Professor Emanuel' evolved the theory of complicated chemical processes as consisting of macrostages. However, Professor Emanuel' and his co-workers not only investigate particuliarities of complicated processes, but also try to develop them to the state of technological perfection, e.g., his method of the oxidation of combustible hydrocarbon gases is in full production.

Card 1'1





Card 1/2

sov/27-59-4-16/28 22(1) Pavlov, A., Foreman-Instructor AUTHOR: The Working-Days of a Foreman TITLE: PERIODICAL: Professional no-tekhnicheskoye obrazovaniye, 1959, Nr 4, pp 22-23 (USSR) The Moscow Technical School Nr 6 is admitting young people who have graduated from a secondary school and possess a ABSTRACT: diploma. It trains turners, milling machine operators, mechanics, and radio technicians. As a rule, the number of applicants exceeds that of the admittance plan, but not all of those enrolled have the firm intention of becoming craftsmen. Some regard the school only as an intermediate station and just try to "carry on" before a possibility opens to enter an institute, etc. The author describes how he tries to arouse in them an interest for their chosen vocation by explaining what the profession consists of. He shows them the T-65 turning lathe, manufactured in the school, and tells them that they will not be trained to become only simple fitters, but will manufacture and

SOV/27-59-4-16/28

The Working-Days of a Foreman

assemble parts of machine tools. The training period in the technical schools is only 10 months, and it depends greatly on the foremen whether, in this short time, the students will be instilled with a liking for their profession and whether the school will turn out well trained and skilled craftsmen. The author states that parents' meetings take place every 3 months at which the successes and shortcomings of the students are discussed.

ASSOCIATION: Tekhnicheskoye uchilishche Nr 6, Moskva (Technical School Nr 6, Moscow).

Card 2/2

THE WAR THE STATE OF THE STATE

PAVLOV, A., starshiy metodist; GOL'DENEERG, E., starshiy metodist

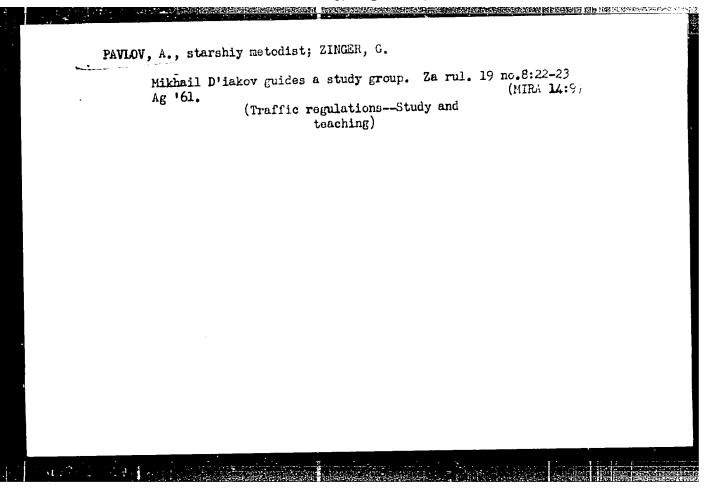
Self-financing; how to organize it? Za rul. 20 no.9:26-27 S
'62. (MIRA 15:9)

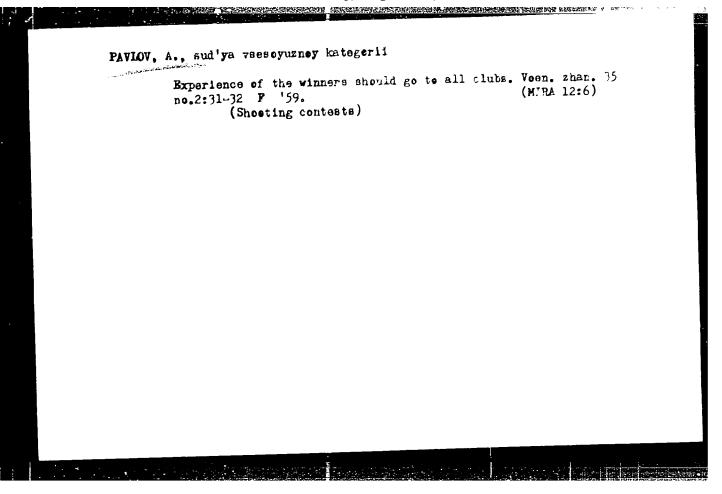
1. Moskovskiy gorodskoy avtomotoklub.
(Motor vehicles--Societies, etc.)

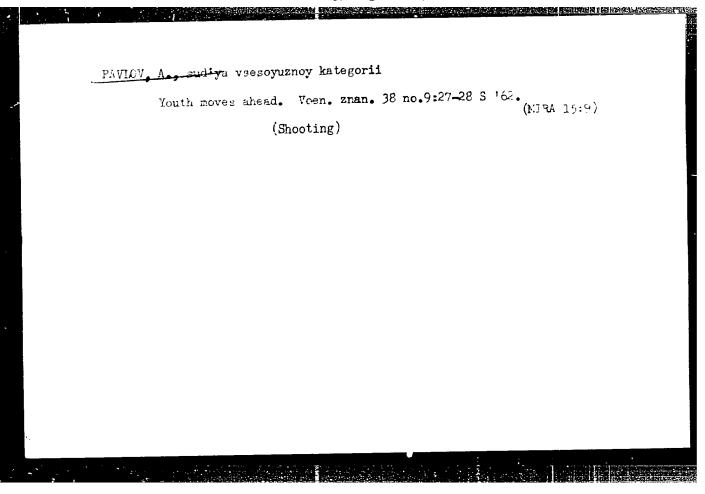
RAKHMATULLIN, S. (Birsk); VATLETSOV, V. (Kirov); PAVIOV, A. (Moskva);
RYAZANOV, A. (Sverdlovsk); PARAMONOV, N. (Maykop)

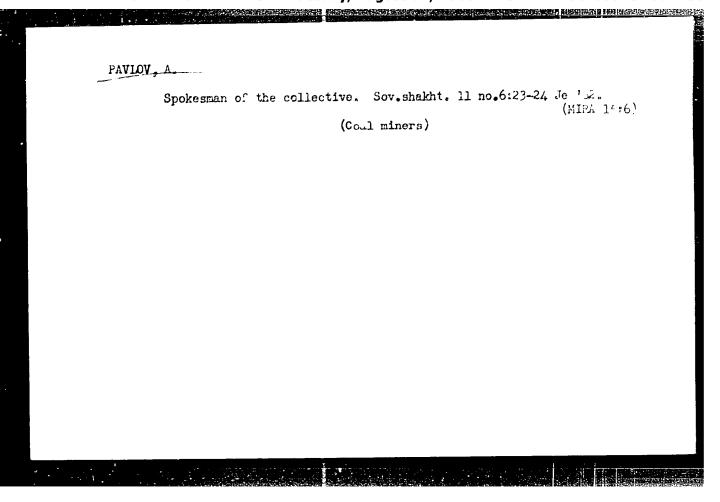
In local organizations of our patriotic society. Za rul.
19 no.10:3 0 '61. (MIRA 14:11)

(Motor vehicles—Societies, etc.)









L

RUMANIA/Meadow Cultivation.

: Ref Zhur Biol., No 14, 1958, 63267

: Favlov, A. Author

Abs Jour

The Study of Grass Mixtures for Artificial Meadows. Inst Title

: An. Inst. cercetari agram., 1957, 24, No 5, 195-211 Orig Pub

: At the experimental agricultural station of Symporgin de Abstract

Muresh (RPR), four mixtures of perennial grasses were studied for the purpose of ascertaining the proper grass nixtures for developing artificial meadows and the bottom lands of the Muresh, Tyrnovy Mare, Tyrnovy Mik and Niraus rivers. It was ascertained that the most suitable grass mixtures for these regions are mixtures of Medica-Go sativa, 10%; Lotus corniculatus, 10%; Trifolium, repens, 5%; T. pratense, 5%; Festuca pratensis; 15%; Dactylis glomerata, 15%; Arrhenatherum elatius, 10%;

Bromus inermis, 10%; Lolium perenne, 10%; and

Card 1/2

RUMANIA/Meadow Cultivation.

L

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 14, 1958, 63267

Phleum pratense, 10%. The sowing of the grass mixtures should be conducted early in the spring without cover cultivations at a rate of 35.5 kg of the seeds per hectare. Recommendations on agro-engineering are submitted.

Card 2/2

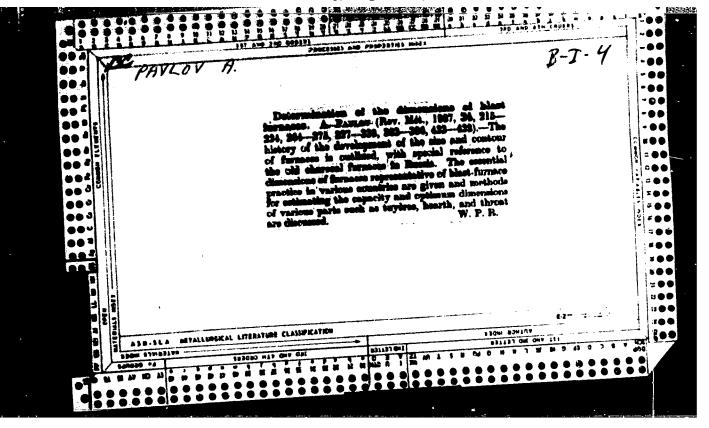
PAVLOV, A., inzh.

Conclusions derived from practice. Sov. shakht. 10 no.9:24
S '61.

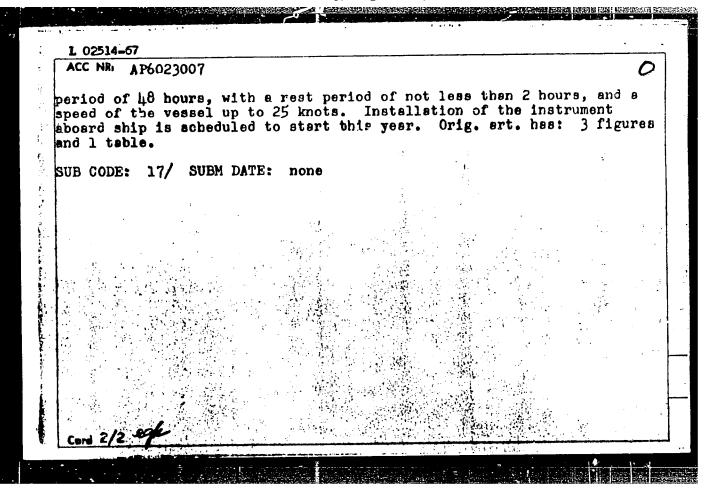
(MIRA 14:8)

1. Shakhta No.42 "Kurakhovka" kombinata Stalimugol'.

(Mining engineering)



L 02514=67 EWT(d)
ACC NR: AP6023007 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0308/66/000/004/0024/0025
AUTHOR: Pavlov, A. (Senior engineer) 5.5
ORG: Administration of Communications and Electroradionavigation MMF (Upravlenive avyazi i elektroradionavigataii MMF)
TITLE: Marine reception indicator for "Pirs-1" phase radionavigation systems
SOURCE: Morskoy flot, no. 4, 1966, 24-25
TOPIC TAGS: navigation system, radio guidance, maritime Radio
ABSTRACT: The article describes a newly developed reception indicator designed for installation in the merchant fleet. This instrument makes it possible to determine a ship's position by signals from the sho stations of a phase radionavigation system. Either the time or the frequency can be varied. The article describes three different models of the apparatus. All three types are designed to be fed from the ship's electric circuit, and operate at voltages of 220 and 127 and a frequency of 50 cycles. The system operates from a vertical marine antenna with a length of 4 meters or more, installed at an angle of 50-60° to the horizontal. The instrument is designed for continuous operation for a
Cord 1/2 UDC: 656.052:621.396.932.1



8/123/62/000/015/009/013 A052/A101

AUTHORS:

Zotov, A. I., Akinfiyev, M. I., Pavlov, A. A.

TITLE:

Application of ultrasound in the technique of ferrite production

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, no. 15, 1962, 23, abstract 15B144 (In collection: "Primeneniye ul'trazvuka v tekhnol. mashinost",

Moscow, no. 2, 1960, 134 - 138)

The possibility was investigated of the application of ultrasound to grinding and intermixing metal oxides of which the charge for forming ferrites is prepared. The experiments were carried out using a Y3TC (UZGS) ultrasonic generator with a magnetostriction converter. The main parameters determining the processes of grinding and intermixing charge materials are: oscillation frequency, relation between the amount of liquid and the material ground, the thickness of the irradiated ground layer, the intensity of ultrasonic and audio oscillations, cavitation capacity of the liquid and the irradiation time. It is established that the dispersion of the powder ultrasonically ground during 10 min is higher than that of the powder ground in ball mills during 24 hours or in a vibration

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R0012396

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000

\$/194/62/000/005/084/157 D2221/D309

Akinfiyev, M.I., Zotov, A.I., and Pavlov, A.A. AUTHORS:

Galvanic coating of aluminum and ats alloys with the TITLE:

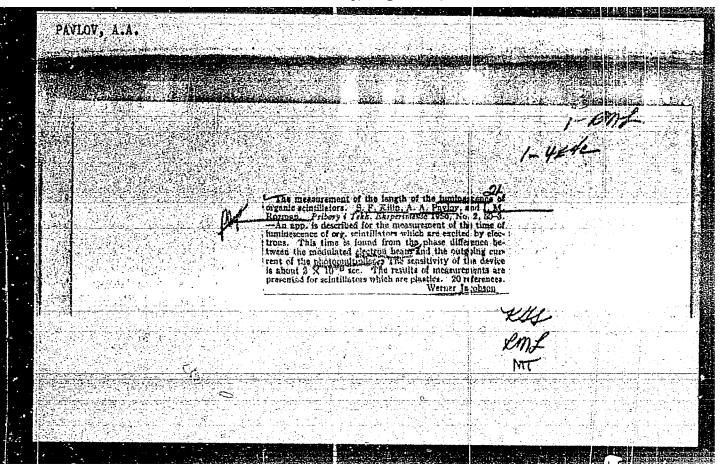
interaction of ultrasound

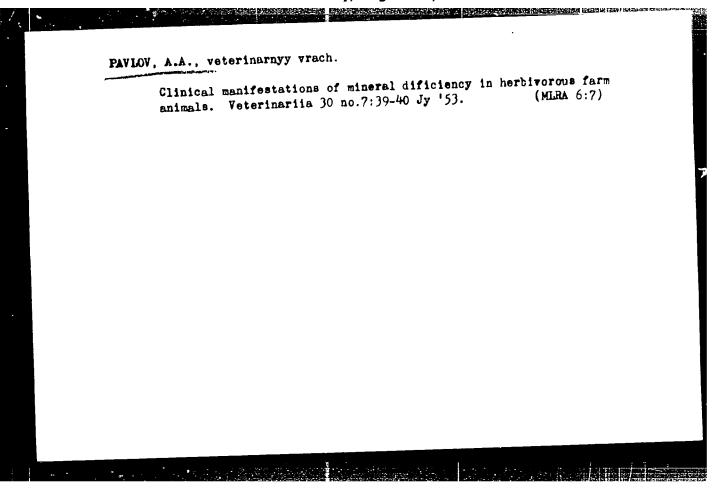
Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 5, 1962, abstract 5-5-40 ye (V sh. Primeneniye PERIODICAL:

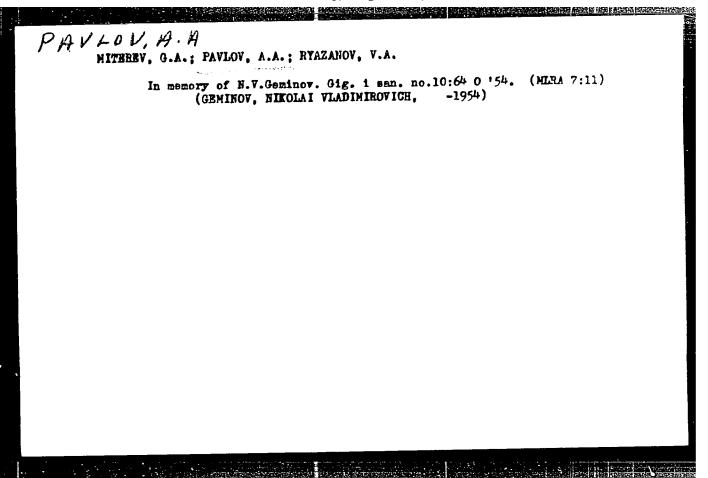
ul'trazvuka v tekhnol. mashinostr. no. 2, M., 1960,

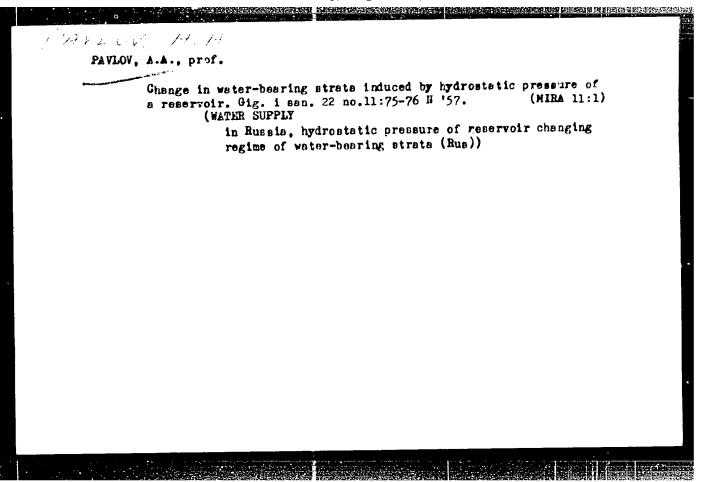
149 - 154)

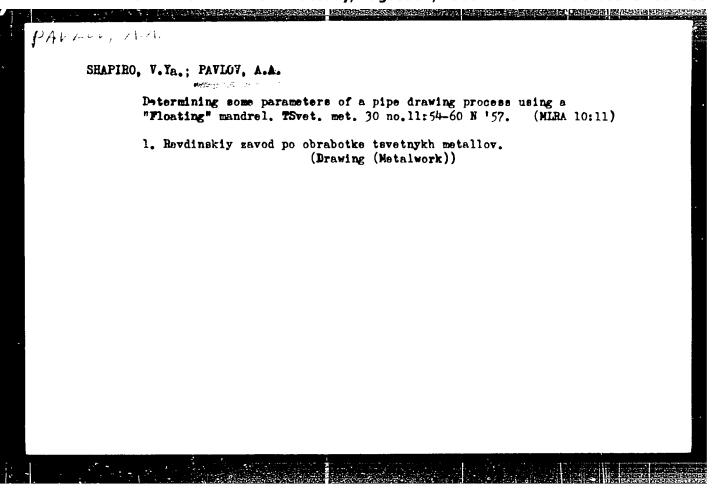
TEXT: The influence of ultrasound on the electro-chemical processes is examined and the positive action of cavitation is noted. It is shown that the ultrasonic oscillations facili .te the depolarization of the electrodes and the degassing of the liquid. The investigation of the action of ultrasound on the galvanic coating of aluminum was carried out at 18-23 kc/s frequencies, using a FMC-6 (PMS--6) transducer. The transducers were mounted on a diaphragm of variable thickness, 2 - 10 mm, being the bottom of the bath. During zinc and copper plating of aluminum in cyanogen electrolytes, the current density was reduced to 27 a/dm² and a better adherence of Card 1/2











PAVLOV A.A

TITLE:

Shapiro, v.Ya. and Pavlov, A.A.

136-11-10/19

AUTHORS:

Determining Certain Relationships in Connection With Tube Drawing on a "Floating" Mandrel (Opredeleniye nekotorykh spotnosheniy

pri volochenii trub na "plavayushchey" opravke)

Tsvetnyye Metally, 1957, no.11, pp. 54 - 60 (USSR).

In the method dealt with in this article, an unattached PERIODICAL: mandrel is placed in the tube being drawn, the mandrel shape being such that it stays in the deformation zone. Reference is ABSTRACT: made to the work of Orro (Ref.5), described as the most detailed available on such methods. The present article consists mainly of an account of experiments in which Yu. V. Timinskiy participated at the Revdinskiy non-ferrous metals treatment works. object of the first part of the experimental work was to determine the conditions unter which the floating-mandrel process will operate without tearing or idle passes to live tubes with a good inter surface. The factors studied were the dimensions of the tubes drawn and mandrel shape and size. The equation deduced was used to calculate drawing conditions in a concrete case and the possibility of reducing the number of different mandrels required and of using different billet dimensions was studied. The results obtained suggested that it might be Card 1/2

Determining Certain Relationships in Connection With Tube Drawing 136-11-10/17 on a "Floating" Mandrel.

necessary. For ordinary tubes of corper or copper-zinc alroy, the work established the suitablity of the "floating" mandrel technique. The external diameter of the finished tube must be equal to the internal diameter of the billet + approximately 1 mm and it was on this basis that the authors calculated drawing conditions. It was found that the length of the cylindrical part of the mandrel had no appreciable effect on the drawing process, but the angle of inclination of the generatrix of the cone of the mandrel should not exceed that of the generatrix of the die cone. There are 8 figures and 5 Russian references.

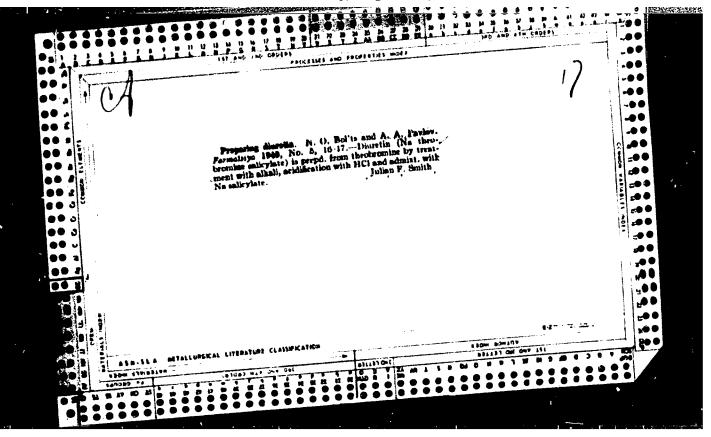
ASSOCIATION: Revda Plant for Treatment of Non-ferrous Metals zavod po obrabetke tsvetnykn metallov)

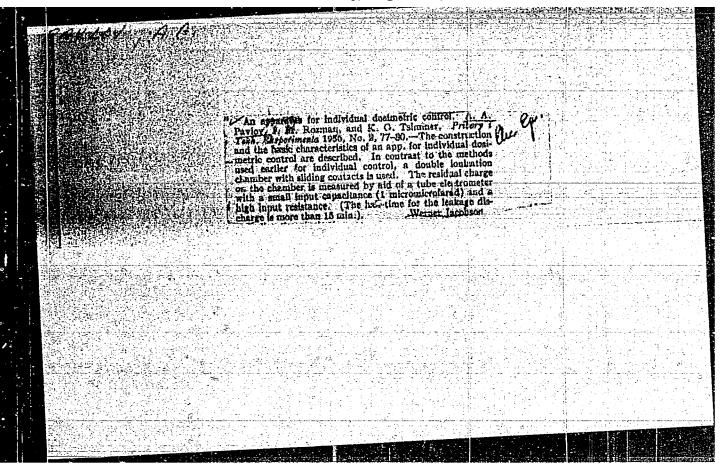
(Revdinskiy

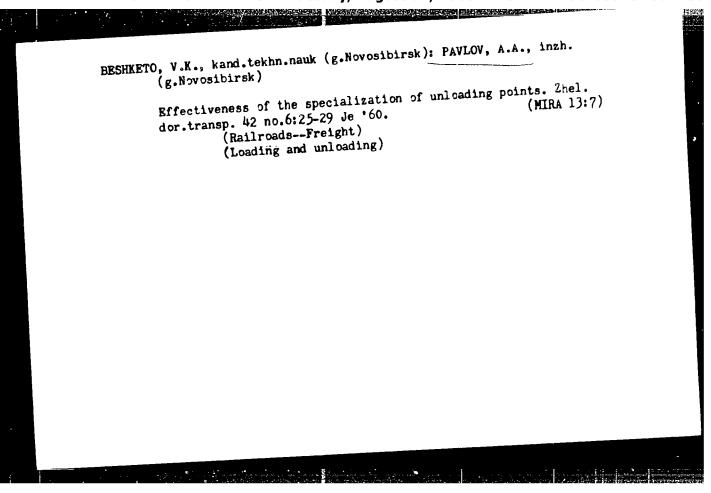
AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress Card 2/2

1. Tubes-Drawing 2. Mandrels-Applications



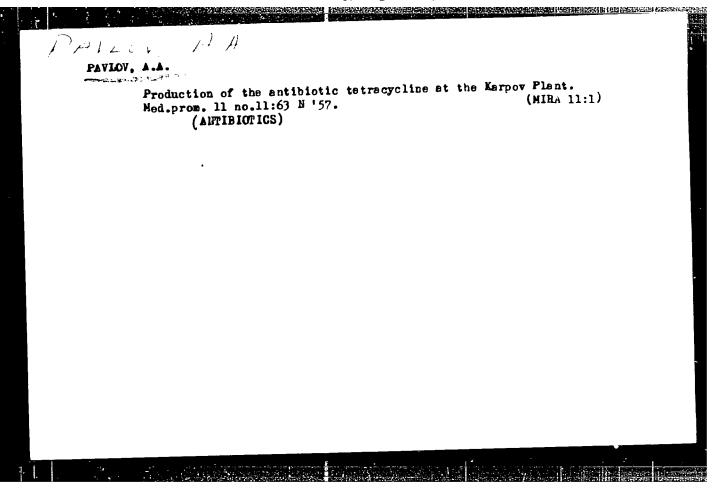




BESHKETO, Vsevolod Kupriyanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; GRIDASOV,
Nikolay Ardreyevich, inzh.; KUZ'MIN, Aleksandr Nikolayevich,
inzh.; PAVLOV, Aleksandr Anatol'yevich, inzh.; EYGEL', I.Yu.,
inzh., Ted.; MAKUNI, Ye.V., tekhn. red.

[Specialized unloading points] Spetsializirovamye bazy vygruzki. [By] V.K.Beshketo i dr. Moskva, Vses. izdatel'skopoligr. obmedinenie M-va putei soobshcheniia, 1962. 78 p. (MIRA 15:3)

(Loading and unloading)



35706 s/123/62/000/005/005/010 A052/A101

1.1800

Akinfiyev, M. I., Zotov, A. I., Pavlov, A. A.

AUTHORS: TITLE:

Plating aluminum and its alloys under action of ultrasound

Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, no. 5, 1962, 43, abstract 5B255 (V sb. "Primeneniye ul'trazvuka v tekhnol. mashinostr."

PERIODICAL:

Moscow, no. 2, 1960, 149-154)

The results are presented of an investigation of the effect of ultrasound on the zinc, copper and silver plating of aluminum and aluminum alloy (AMU, AMK, AME) (AMTs, AMK and AMG) articles. It is shown that the application of ultrasound to plating on aluminum produces a higher quality of the coating than at the usual electro-deposition. The parts plated under action of ultrasound withstand heating up to 180°C and 30 days' testing in a chamber simulating tropical climate (temperature 40°C, humidity 98%) without the coating scales. The application of ultrasound makes it possible to get rid of a number of preliminary operations (the surface preparation, with the exception of rough degreasing, is carried out in the electrolyte itself in 3-4 min) and also to perform the process at high current densities, which contributes to a considerable

Card 1/2

S/048/60/024/007/032/037 XX B104/B2C

AUTHORS

Vitman, V. D., Dzhelepov, B. S., Pavlov, A. A., Semeniv

S V., and Shestopalova, S. A

TITLE

Determination of the ratio of the number of quanta of K and

L emission of some neutron-deficient isotopes

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizioneskaya v . 4

no. 7, 1960, 934-938

TEXT: The present paper has been read at the 10th All-Union Conference or. Nuclear Spectroscopy, Moscow, January 19-27, 1960 A proportional ounter served to measure the relative intensities of the K- and L emissions of 159 , 159 , 140 , 140 , and 145 . These isotopes were obtaine, by the chromatographic separation of rare earths, the latter being chemically separated from a tantalum target irradiated with 660-Mev process on the synchrocyclotron of the CIYaI. The experimental system was calibrated r. ${\rm Zn}^{65}$ Se 75 . In 137 , and Sm 145 , the relative half-widths of the lines being 5-12%. The ratio of the numbers of L- and K emission quanta is put card . /5

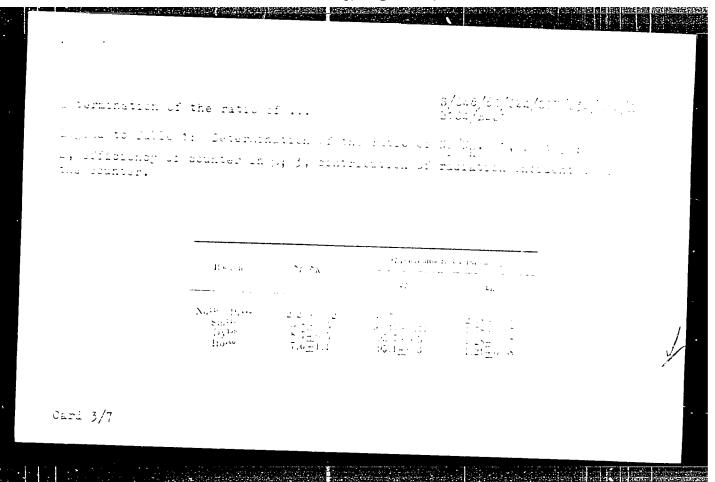
\$/048/60/024/007/032/03-/XX B1 04/B2C

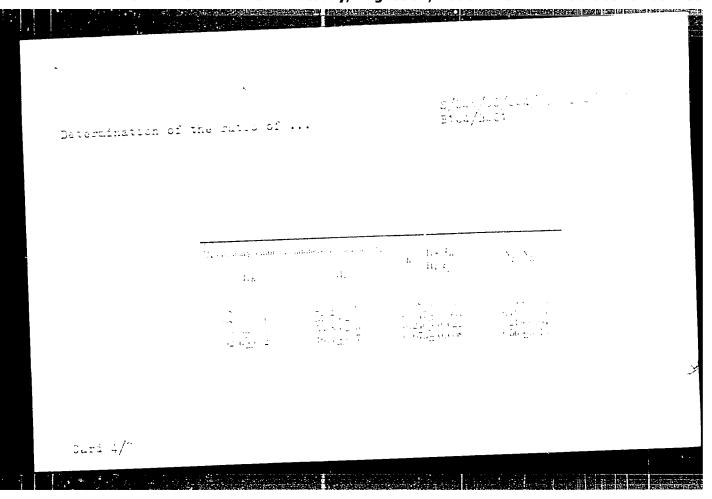
Determination of the ratio of

proportional to the ratio of the area of the lines measured; $N_L/N_K = kS_L/S_K$ (N_L and N_K are the numbers of quanta, S_L and S_K the areas bounded by the line contours). The \mathbf{S}_{K} and \mathbf{S}_{1} were found from the lines determined experimentally after deduction of the background was determined by means of a filter made of 0.8 mm cadmium, 0.5 mm .c;;24. and 0.5 mm aluminum. Quanta up to 60 kev were completely absorbed by this filter, quanta with more than 200 kev were allowed to pass. Results are collected in Table !. With the aid of these values, the ratios λ_*/λ_K between the capture probabilities of the electrons from L- and K shells were calculated. These values are given in Table 2. It is noted intwever that they exhibit a considerable error. There are ' figure : a tatles, and 8 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and 4 non-Soviet-bloc.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut metriligii im. D I Mendeleyeva(All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Metrology imen: D. I. Mendeleyev

fard 2/7





S/026/80 (1.4/007/038 132)...

Retermination of the ratio of ...

Regent to Table 2: Determination of the ratio App. 1, souther; ... of or whoenside forming in the L-shell ... has of the womanist in the up- of its bookpast; f, and a, filteressence plant; t, and a, numbers ... of the inclusion of the control of the womanist in the up- of the control of the control

S/048/60/024/007/032/032/XX B019/B056

24.6600 AUTHORS:

Vitman, V. D., Dzhelepov, B. S., Pavlov, A. A., Semenov, S.V.,

and Shestopalova, S. A.

The Determination of the Ratio of the Number of Quanta of TITLE:

Roentgen K- and L-Emission of Some Neutron-deficient

Isotopes

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1960, PERIODICAL:

Vol. 24, No. 7, pp. 934-938

TEXT: This paper was read at the 10th All-Union Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy, which took place from anuary 19 to January 27, 1960 at Moscow. By means of a proportional counter, the relative intensities of the K- and L-c missions of Ho160, Dy159, Rd140 Pr140 and Sm145 were measured. The rare earths, from which the sources were chromatographically separated, were obtained by the authors by irradiating a target with 660-Mev protons on the synchrocyclotron of the OIYaI. The entire experimental arrangement was calibrated on Zn65, Se75, In114, Cs137, and Sm145. the relative halfwidths of the lines were 15 - 12%. The ratio of the

Card 1/2

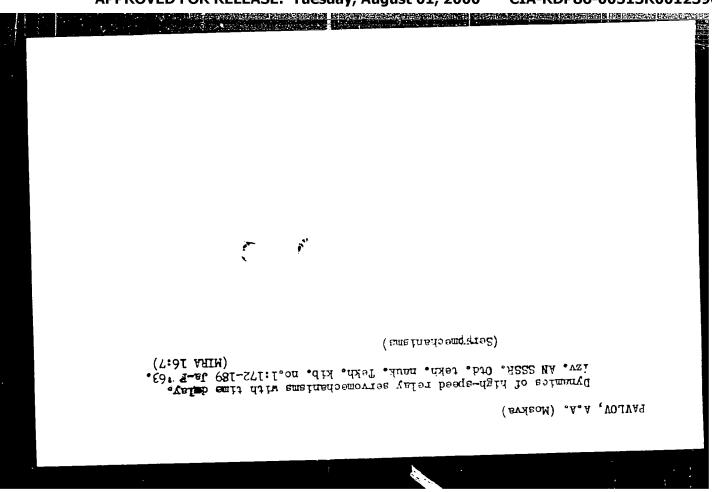
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VITMAN, V.D.; DZHELEFOV, B.S.; PAVLOV, A.A.; SEMEROV, S.V.; SHESTOPALOVA, S.A.

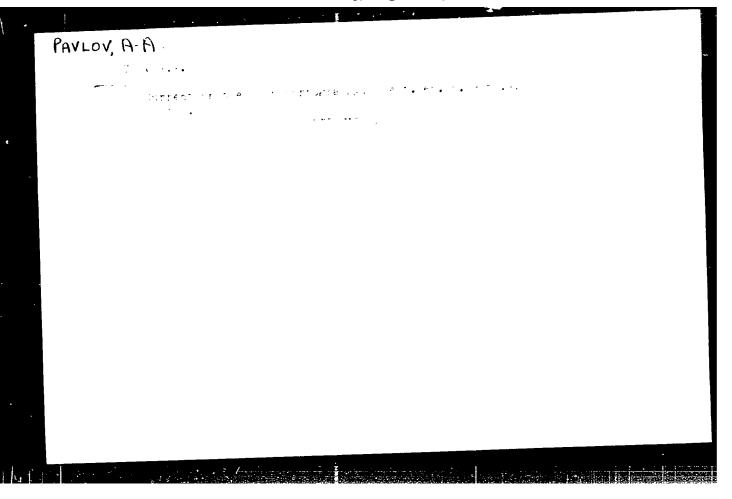
Determining the correlation between the quantum numbers of the K
and L X-ray lines of some neutron deficient isotopes. Izv.AN
SSSR Ser.fiz. 24 no.7:934-938 Jl '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Vescoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel 'skiy institut metrologii imeni
D.I.Mendeleyeva.
(Isotopes--Spectra) (X rays)
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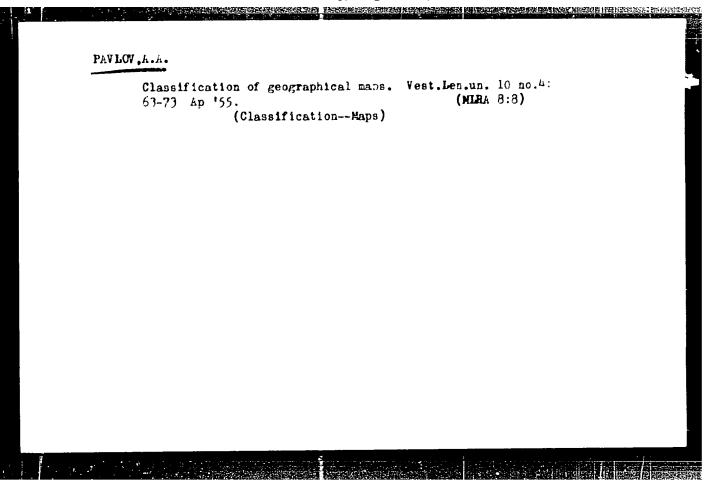
PAVLOV, A.A., inzh. New marine radio transmitters. Biul. tekh.-ekon. inform. Tekh. upr. Mîn. mor. flota 7 no.8:47-52 '62. (MIRA 16:5) 1. Upravleniye svyazi i elektroradionavigatsii. (Radio-Installation on ships)

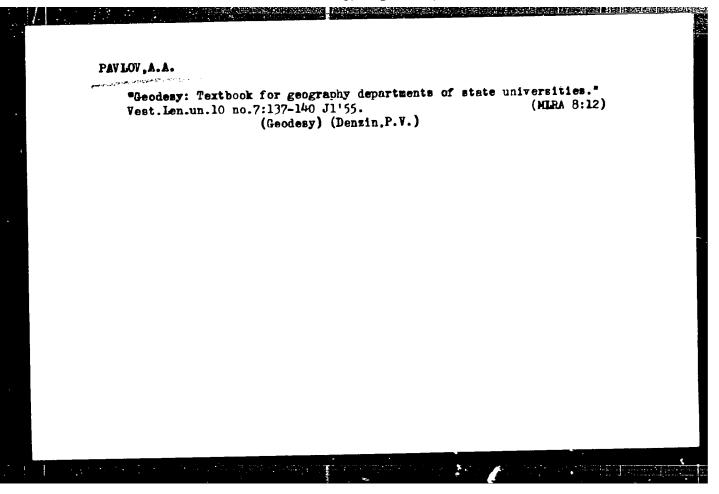




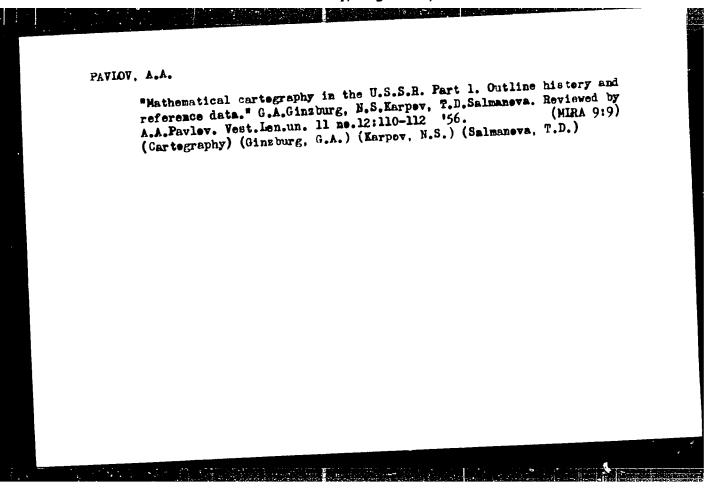
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PAVLOV, A. A. --Prakticheskiye i laboratornyye raboty po kursu topografii s osnovami kartografii. L., Isd-vo Leningr. U.A.-tn, 1954. 110s s chert.; 6 otd. L. chert. 1 kart. 20 sm. (Leningr. gos. ordena Lonina un-t im, A. A. Zhdanova, otd. zaoch. obucheniye. Georgr. fak. Metod. ukazaniye No. 1). 1.000 ekz. bespl. --Na obl. avt. ne ukazan.--(55-425) 526(076.5)

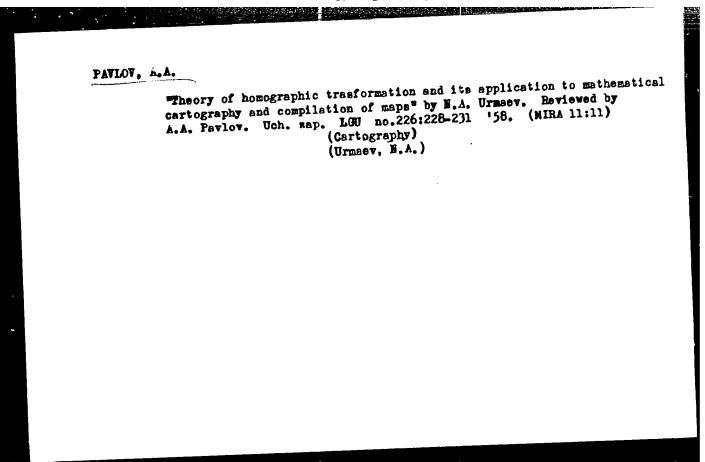
S0: Knizhnaya Letopsis', Vol. 1, 1955
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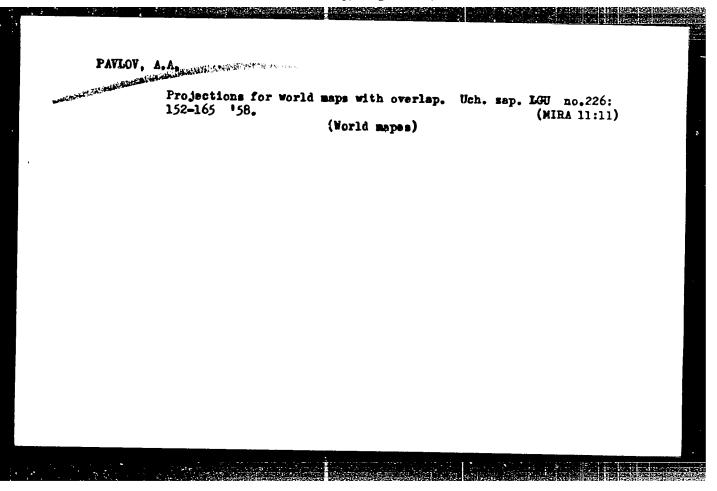


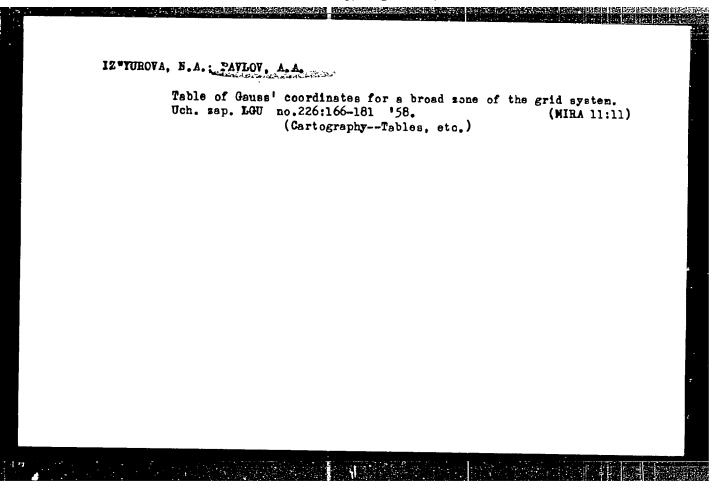


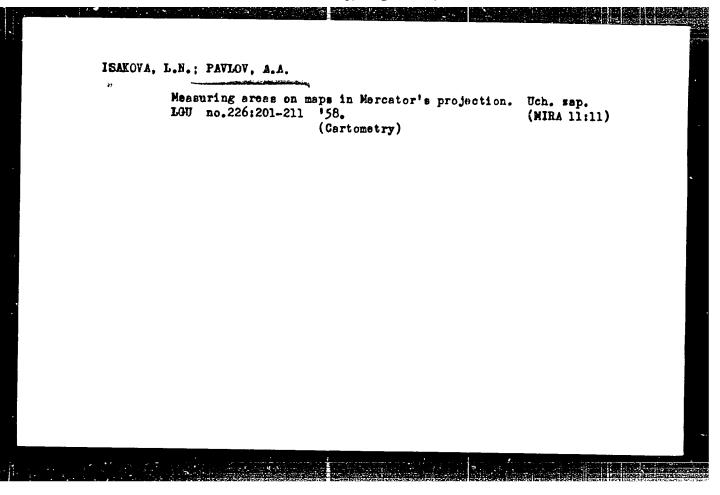
PAVIOV, A.A. Classification and designation of cartegraphic projects. Vest. Ion. (MIRA 9:9) un.11 no.12:103-109 '56. (Cartegraphy)

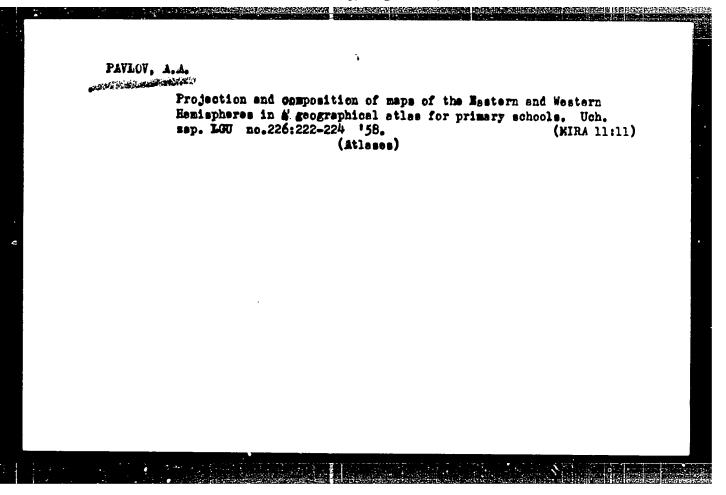


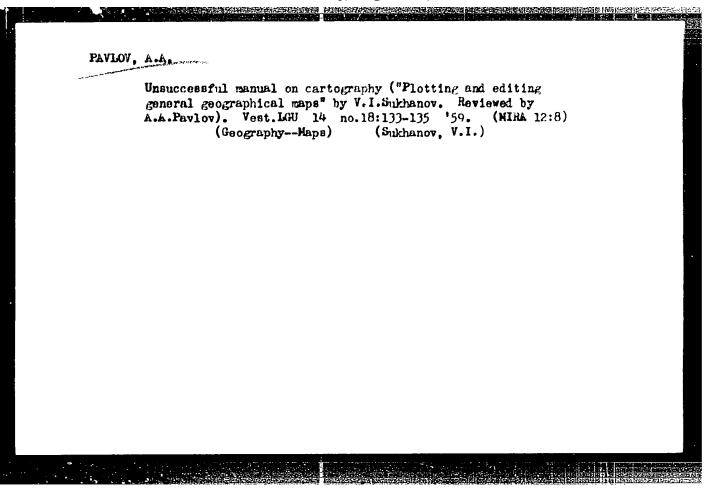


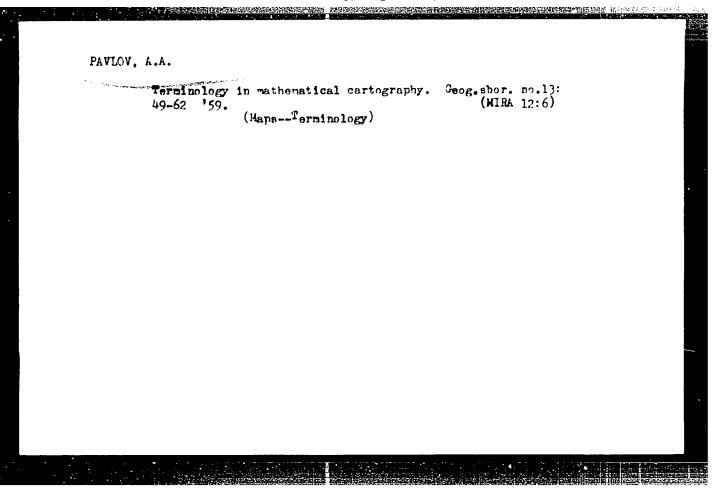












ISACHERKO, A.G.; PAYLOV, A.A.; SEMEVSKIY, V.N.

Results of the third conference of the All-Union Geographical Society. Vest. LGU 15 no.18:153-156 '60. (MIRA 13:9) (Geographical societies)

MOVSHITS, G.B.; PAVLOV, A.A.

Processing of cartographic material from one projection into another by means of the FTB phototransformer. Vest.LGU 16 no.18:86-97 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

(Map projection)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239

L 47448-66 EWT(1) GW

ACC NR: AP6014708

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0307/65/000/004/0148/0149

AUTHOR: Pavlov, A. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: New manuals on mathematical cartography

SOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya geologii i geografii, no. 4, 1965, 148-149

TOPIC TAGS: map, cartography, surveying, mapping, topography, geography

ABSTRACT: Two works dealing with the science of mathematical cartography are reviewed. These works are "Primeneniye v matematicheskoy kartografii metodov chislennogo analiza," Trudy TsNIIGAik, vyp. 153, 1962, and "Posobiye po matematicheskoy kartografii," Trudy TsNIIGAik, vyp. 160, 1964, both by G. A. Ginsburg and T. D. Salmanova. The latter work includes information on the application of methods of computational analysis to mathematical cartography. While it is addressed mainly to the people actually engaged in cartography, this work is also recommended for course study in the higher and intermediate schools. A brief outline of the content of the article is given. The reviewer criticizes the presentation of coordinate systems and commends the authors for the manner in which numerical examples and problems are developed. The amount of numerical computations included

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000

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L C4163-67 EWT(1) GW ACC NR: AT6023231 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR/2732/66/044/	
(N) SOURCE CODE: UR/2732/66/044/	la a a la a a a la a a a a a a a a a a
	000/0185/0188
UTHOR: Mal'tsev, V. N.; Pavlov, A. A.; Vaygachev, A. Z.	24
RG: none	BLI
TLE: Geodetic surveys in the Alasheyev Bay	- /
OURCE: Sovetskaya antarkticheskaya ekspeditsiya, 1955 Sed'moy reys 962 gg.; nauchnyye rezul'taty i materialy nablyudeniy (Seventh voyage of the Ob!", 1961-1966; scientific results and observation data); trudy ekspeditsii, Idrometeoizdat, 1965, 185-188	** *
OPIC TAGS: geodetic survey, Antarctic climate, oceanographic expedition, CFAN FLOOR TOFORAPHY, AFRIAL SURVEY, SHIPNAVIGATESTRACT, CONDUCTOR OF THE SURVEY O	row / bottom
STRACT: Geodetic surveys were carried out by the hydrographic group of starctic expedition in 1962 on the coast of Alasheyev Day in the region of the ation Molodezhnaya to set up a geodetic base for coordinating the ground and rveys and for a visual determination of the location of a ship at the approace that As a result of investigation of the location of a ship at the approace.	e new Antarctic
be bay. As a result of investigating the bottom relief of the sea in the constally it was possible to find a channel for the safe approach to the shore and a commonly the ship Ob' immediately next to a barrier for unloading. The safe	l part of Alasheyev
rd 1/2	

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ACC NR: AT6023231

approach of the ship to the site of unloading is ensured by two line-of-direction beacons having the form of wooden panels. The rear beacon was placed on the outcrops of bedrock and the front beacon on the continental ice. The true direction of the line is $151^{\circ}42^{\circ}.8-331^{\circ}42^{\circ}.8$. The entire geodetic set of points on the coast of Alasheyev Bay encompasses a region with an area of about 15 km², in the center of which is the Molodezhnaya station. This set of points will be used in the future to determine the elements of glacier movement and will be extended eastward on Lamykin Peninsula in order to survey the entire peninsula, which will make it possible for ships to use the polynya forming along the peninsula to approach the station and thus facilitate sailing conditions in this region. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

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AP7005595 ACC NRI

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/67/000/002/0009/0010

INVENTOR: Dorokhov, A. I.; Pavlov, A. A.

ORG: None

TITLE: A method for producing pipes with longitudinal external ribbing. Class 7, No. 190314 [announced by the All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Design and Technological Planning in the Pipe Industry (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i konstruktorsko-tekhnologicheskiy institut trubnoy promyshlennosti)]

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2, 1967, 9-10

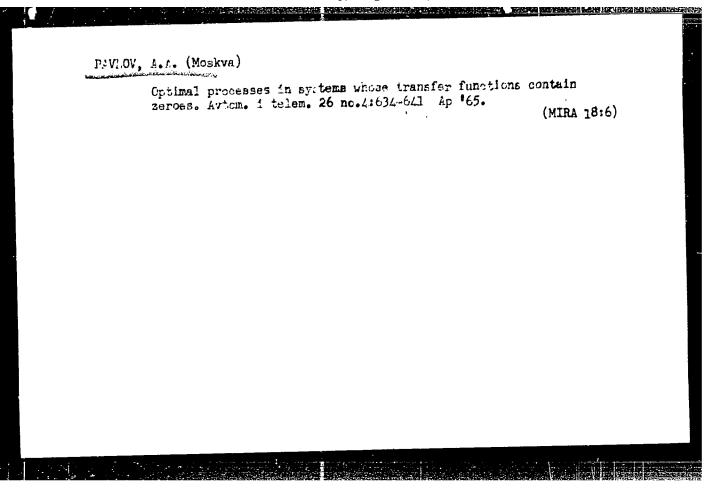
TOPIC TAGS: pipe, metal forming, metal drawing, metal rolling

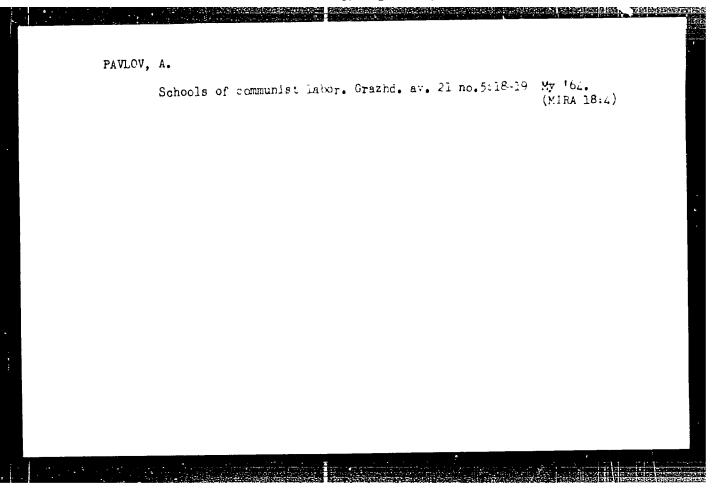
ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a method for producing pipes with longitudinal external ribbing. The procedure includes roll-mill production of a ribbed pipe with final wall and diameter dimensions. In order to produce ribs with a height greater than twice the thickness of the pipe wall, the ribbed pipe is drawn on a mandrel through a roller plate which produces the ribs only with respect to width.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 04Nov65

Cord 1/1

UDC: 621.774.8





PAVLOV, A.

The Decca radio navigation system in maritime navigation, Mor. flot 25 no.2:24-27 F *65. (MIRA 18:4)

l. Starshiy inzh. Upravleniya svyazi i elektroradionavigatsii Ministerstva morskogo flota.

GETMANOV, R.; GOL'DENBERG, E.; PAVLOV, A.; YUMASHEV, N.N., spets. rod.; MIKHAYLOV, A.I., red.

[Collection of problems on traffic regulations for automotive transportation] Sbornik zadach po pravilam dvizheniis avtotransporta. Moskva, Izd-vo DOSAAF, 1965. 351 p. (MIRA 18:7)

IJP(c) ewr(d)/T UR/0103/65/026/004/0634/0641 L 48958-65 AF5011906 ACCESS TOW NR. AUTHOR: Favlov. A. A. (Moscow) TITIE: Optimum processes in systems whose transfer functions contain zeroes SOURCE: Avionatiles 1 telemekhan 8, v. 26, no. 4, 1965, 634-641 TOPIC TAGS: zero containing transfer function, optimum control, optimum response system In the theory of automatic control one often encounters systems whose dynamics are characterized by transfer functions of the type $W(s) = \frac{X(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{\overline{b_1}s^{n-1} + b_2s^{n-2} + \dots + b_{n-1}s + b_n}{a_0s^n + a_1s^{n-1} + \dots + a_{n-1}s + a_n}$ where x is the controlled coordinate, and u w the control. Transfer processes in such systems are determined as much by the zeroes as by the poles of (1). The literature on the theory of optimum response processes usually discusses transfer functions which do not contain seroes. However, since the presence of zeroes introduces specific peculiarities into the optimum control problem, the author proceeded to elucidate the characteristics of optimum response systems having type **Card** 1/3

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·福德羅BBB 1100年,2014年,111日,111日,111日 111日 111日 11日日	R: AP501190	1924. g. t. 1925. 5 579. g. t. 1937. g					7)
(1) transfe	r functions.		afer functio	ns have the	Correspo	nding diffe	
tial equati	on						
		$a_0x^{(n)} + a_1x^{(n)}$ $= b_1u^{(n-1)} + 1$	$b_{2}u^{(n-2)}+\cdots+a_{n-1}$	$b_{n-1}u + b_nu$			
which may b	e replaced b	y the equiv	alent system			(2)	
		$\dot{x_1} = x_2 + k$	the control of the co				
		$\ell_{n-1} = x_n + \lambda$	i a si nama a a mana a man				
		$\dot{x}_n = -a_i x_n$	- 02xn-1	$-a_nx_1+k_n$	" []		
							1
						(3)	
where							
	21 ==	z, kı m b	i-∑ink-,	ka see ba see (
Card 2/3			J=4			(3a)	

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ACCESSION NR: AP5011906

The authors were able to formulate the problem concerning the transfer of the representative point during a shortest interval of time from an arbitrary initial state into a definite region of the hyperplane $x_1 = 0$ within which the representative point may be found at an arbitrary t>T. The problem, however, can have a solution only if the real parts of the transfer function zeroes are negative. The specific properties of the above-mentioned controls and the methods for their synthesis are illustrated for second-order systems. Orig. art. has: 17 formulas and 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 06Jun64

ENCL: 00

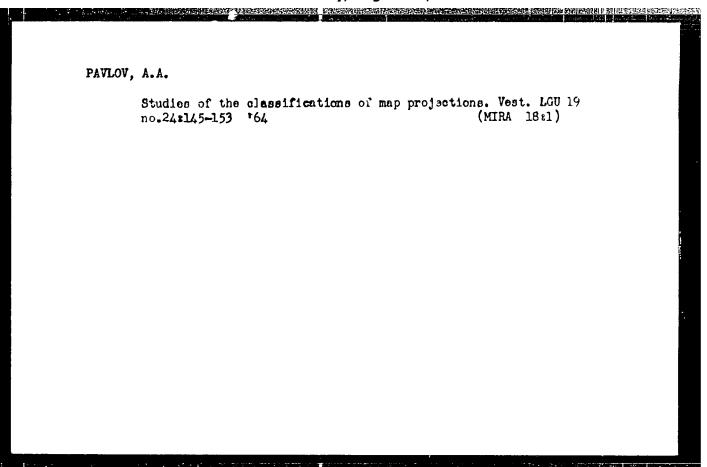
SUB CODE: IE MA

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PAVLOV, A.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Daytime observations of stars in Antarctica. Inform. biul. Sob. antark. eksp. no.25:54-55 '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Pyataya kontinental'naya ekspeditsiya. (Stars—Observations)

PAVLOW, A.A. mledshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Determination of astropoints in Enderby Land. Informational actions as a construction of astropoints in Enderby Land. (1914 1614)

1. Sed maya kontinental naya antarkticheskaya ekspeditsiya. (Enderby Land...Coordinates)

16,9500

69937 S/024/59/000/06/014/028 E023/E235

AUTHOR:

Pavlov, A. A. (Moscow)

TITLE:

Phase-Space Methods of Designing Some Optimal Relay

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye

tekhnicheskikh nauk Energetika i avtomatika, 1959,

Nr 6, pp 118-126 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Fig 1 illustrates the relay servo, in which BY is a computer designed to produce the best control law and to apply that law to the relay (unit II is the servomotor) Eq (1.1) describes the system of Fig 1; Eq (1.2) gives the error 2 and Eq (1.4) specifies the permissible perturbations (the perturbations that satisfy Eq (1.3) Then Eqs (1.6) to (1.8) give the best phase loci; the rest of the working down to (1.14) is routine. The rest of the section is an application of methods given by Fel'dbaum (Refs 1 and 2), in which the shape of the surfaces described by the loci and the best control law are deduced. The second section deals with the synthesis proper; the method is essentially an extension and

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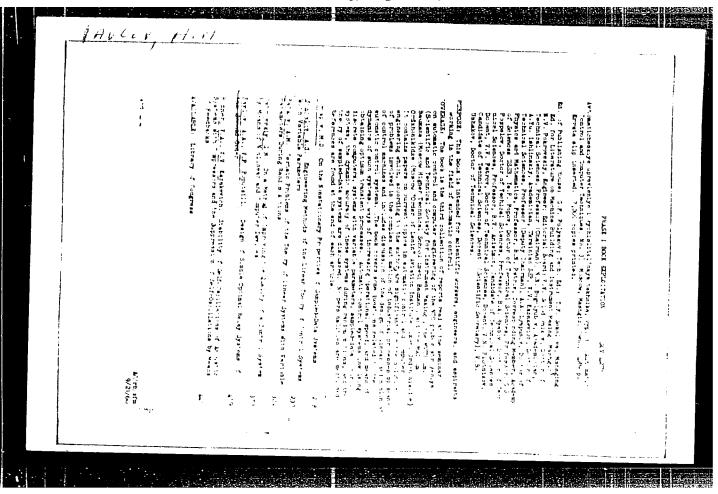
Phase-Space Methods of Designing Some Optimal Relay Systems

reversal of the analysis given in section 1. There are 5 figures and 3 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: July 23, 1959

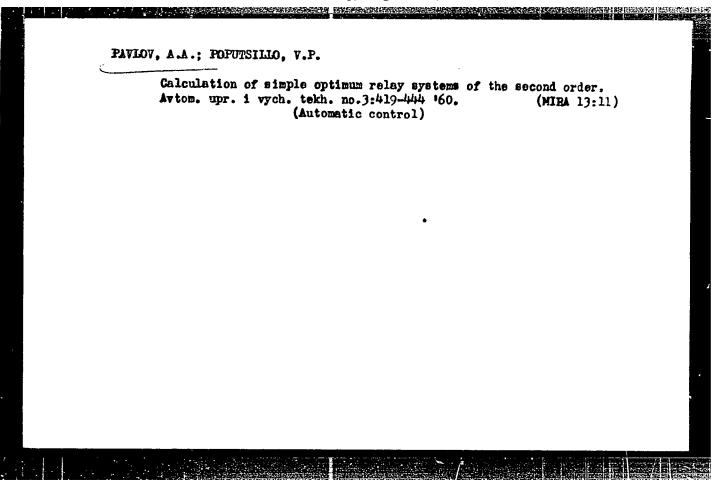
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Card 2/2



PAVLOV, A.A., inch. Economic efficiency of the concentration of loading operations and of the centralized shipment of freight from intermediate

stations under the conditions of the Western Siberian Railroad. (MIRA 17:3) Trudy NIIZHT no.33:178-192 '63.



/6.8000 S/044/61/000/007/032/055

AUTHORS: Pavlov, A.A., and Poputsillo,

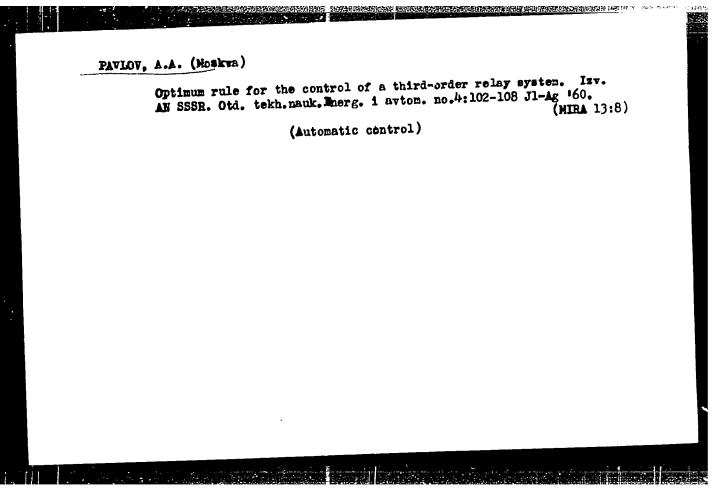
TITLE: The calculation of the simplest optimal relay systems of second order

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Matematika, no. 7, 1961, 68, abstract 7 B 312. ("Avtomat. upr. i vychisl. tekhn." vyp 3. M., Mashgiz, 1960, 419-444)

TEXT: The authors consider the problem of the determination of the optimal law of control and the determination of the structure of the optimal controlling part of a system of automatic control.

Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 1/1



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16.6400

(buscow) Pavlov, A.A.

AUTHOR: On reducing the response time of certain

third-order contactor regulators TITLE:

PLRICUICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh nauk. Energetika i avtomatika,

no.2, 1962, 59-71

In prior practice optimal control systems of the type described by the title require the use of several non-linear function generators in the computer. For third-order relay TLXT: systems whose linear portions have only real roots of the characteristic equations a method is proposed here for obtaining approximately optimal systems using only a single non-linear function generator. Among the systems treated there are those for which the linear portion is represented by the series connection of an aperiodic network followed by two integrating networks, two aperiodic and one integrating, three aperiodic, and three integrating networks. The method consists in Card 1/2

On reducing the response time of ... 2/024/62/000/002/003/012

projecting the optimal trajectories in three-dimensional phase space onto a certain two-dimensional phase plane. The study of optimal processes in the latter is possible since the coordinates of optimal switching points are first determined in the three-dimensional phase space. The transient processes obtained are approximately optimal - for certain prescribed obtained are approximately optimal - for certain prescribed obtained are approximately optimal - for calculations are typical perturbations, e.g. unit step. The calculations are typical perturbationless form so that the results can be carried out in dimensionless form so that the results can be cirectly applied in design. The method is also applicable for systems with delay, but here the results will be somewhat further from optimal.

SUBMITTED: December 2, 1961

Card 2/2